Investor Meeting on Q3 FY2016 Results



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SANTEN PHARMACEUTICAL CO., LTD.

Santen's Values

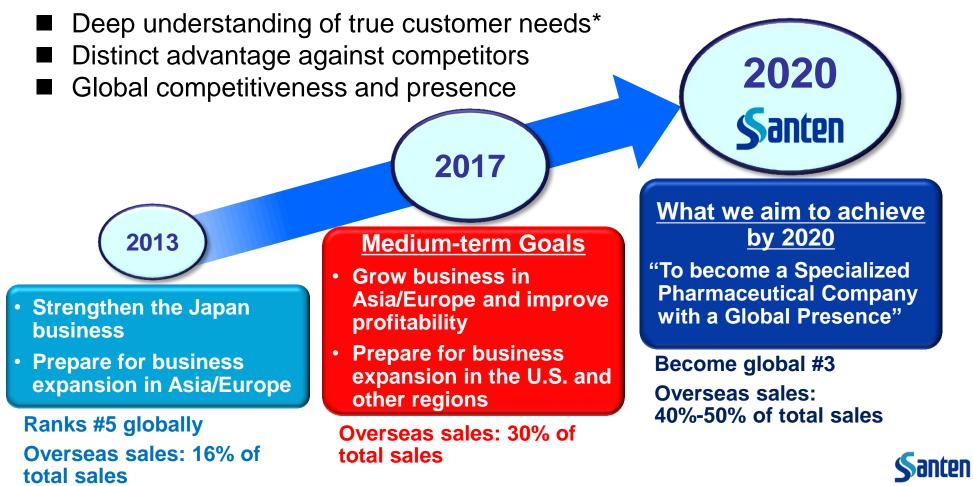
天機に参与する Tenki ni sanyo suru

By focusing on ophthalmology, Santen develops unique scientific knowledge and organizational capabilities that contribute to the well-being of patients, their loved ones and consequently to society.



Long-term Strategic Vision and Growth Targets

To Become a Specialized Pharmaceutical Company with a Global Presence



*True customer needs: Unmet medical needs of patients, consumers, doctors and healthcare professionals

Q3 FY2016 Financial Results ended December 31, 2016



Q3 FY2016⁽¹⁾ Financial Highlights

Core basis

(IPV billions)		Q3FY16		
(JPY billions)	Q3 FY15 Actual	Actual	Var. (YoY)	
Revenue	⁽³⁾ 149.2	150.7	+1.0%	
Excluding anti-RA business and forex impacts	149.2	150.7	+7.7%	
Core operating profit ⁽²⁾	⁽³⁾	22.4	-5.9%	
Excluding anti-RA business and forex impacts	35.1	33.1	-0.7%	
Core net profit for the period	23.6	24.4	+3.2%	

IFRS basis⁽⁴⁾

Operating profit	74.4	27.5	-63.1%
Net profit for the period	49.9	19.8	-60.3%

⁽¹⁾ Santen results herein describe Q3 results cumulatively as the nine month period ended December 31, 2016



⁽²⁾ Core operating profit = operating profit + amortization associated with products – other revenue + other expenses (see slide 17)

⁽³⁾ Including revenue of anti-RA business, 3.5 bil and core operating profit, 2.0 bil yen

⁽⁴⁾ Including gain on transfer of anti-RA business of 45.0 bil yen

Q3 FY2016 Consolidated Highlights

Q3 core basis results were above company forecasts with solid revenue growth and profit maintained, excl. anti-rheumatoid business transfer and forex impacts

- **Revenue:** +1% YoY (+8% revenue growth excl. RA and forex⁽¹⁾ impacts)
 - Japan business: Revenue +2% YoY (revenue grew +5% excl. RA impact)
 - Growth of new products overcomes NHI price cuts and RA business transfer
 - New product ratio increased to 70%; Market share grew to 46%
 - Overseas business: Revenue -2% YoY (revenue grew +14% excl. forex impact)
 - Asia: Revenue +1% in Japanese yen terms, China +17% in CNY
 - EMEA⁽²⁾: Acquired MSD products contributed to +26% growth in EURO
- Core operating profit: -6% YoY (-1% excl. RA and forex impacts)
 - With increased R&D investment, core OP was lower YoY and in-line with prior year Q3 excl. RA and forex impacts
- Core net profit: +3% YoY
 - Higher on factors including increased tax deductions for R&D expenses in Japan
- Q3 results above internal plans, FY16 forecasts maintained
- Conducted repurchase of own shares (Sep-Nov 2016) followed by cancellation of treasury shares (2% of outstanding)



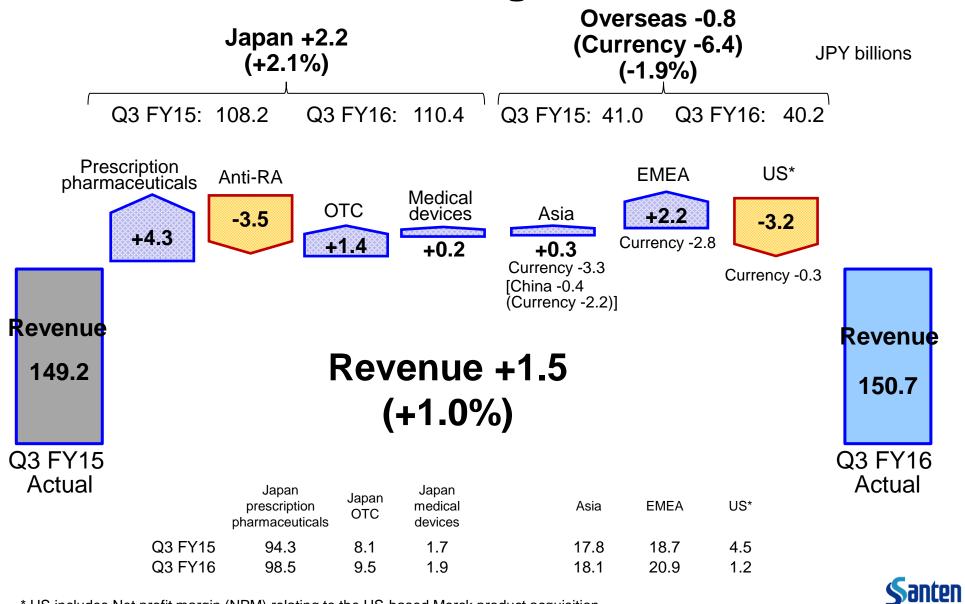
Changes in P&L Statement

(JPY billions)		Q3 FY15	Q3 F	-Y16	Major Changes		
		Actual	Actual	Var. (YoY)	111	ajor Changes	,
Revenue		149.2	150.7	+1.0%			
Cost of sales	(% of revenue)	-56.7 38.0%	-57.6 38.3%	+1.6% +0.2pt	Product mix chang ∙Japan 0.5pt ∙Overseas -0.2pt	e	
SG&A expenses	(% of revenue)	-43.1 28.9%	-44.0 29.2%	+2.3% +0.4pt	∙Japan +1.6 ∙Asia +0.2 ∙US/EMEA -1.1		
R&D expenses	(% of revenue)	-14.3 9.6%	-15.9 10.6%	+11.5% +1.0pt	•Japan +1.0 •Overseas +0.2		
Core operating profit	(% of revenue)	35.1 23.5%	33.1 21.9%	-5.9% -1.6pt			
Non-recurring SG&A expension	ses*	-	-0.5	-			
Amortization on intangible a associated with products	issets (% of revenue)	-4.6 3.1%	-4.8 3.2%	+3.8% +0.1pt			
Other revenue Other expenses		44.8 -0.9	0.3 -0.6				
Operating profit	(% of revenue)	74.4 49.9%	27.5 18.2%	-63.1% -31.6pt	Currency rates	Q3 FY15 Actual	Q3FY16 Actual
					US\$	JPY 121.65	JPY 106.93
Core net profit for the per	iod	23.6	24.4	+3.2%	Euro CNY	JPY 133.93 JPY 19.45	JPY 118.36 JPY 16.02
Net profit for the period		49.9	19.8	-60.3%		JFT 19.40	JPT 10.02

* Payment of consulting fees relating to the acquisition of InnFocus

Santen

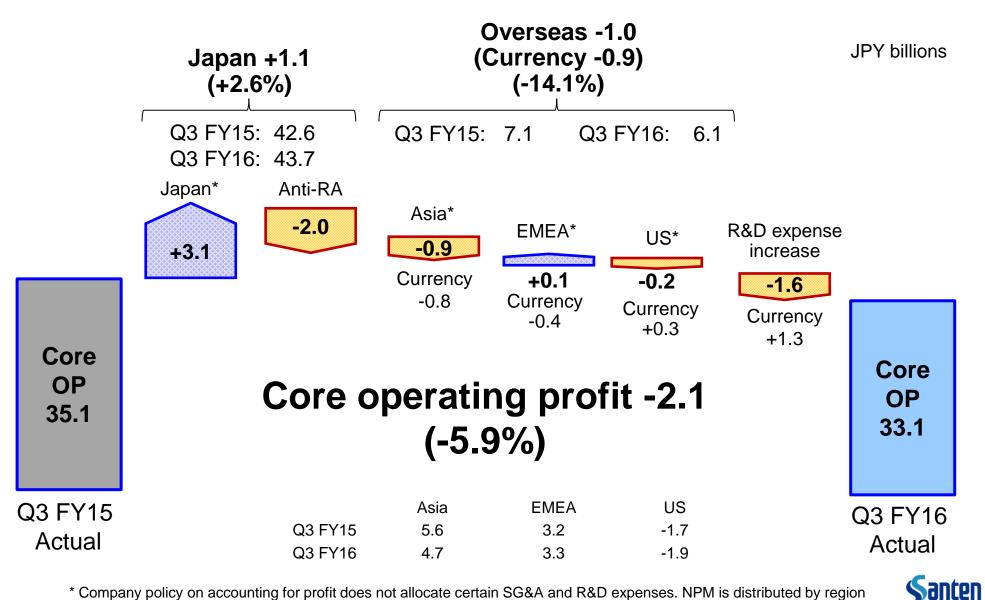
Q3 FY2016 Revenue Change



* US includes Net profit margin (NPM) relating to the US-based Merck product acquisition.

Var. (YoY)

Q3 FY2016 Core Operating Profit Change



* Company policy on accounting for profit does not allocate certain SG&A and R&D expenses. NPM is distributed by region after operationally transferred from US-based Merck to Santen.

Overseas Revenue and Operating Profit

(JPY billions)		Q3 FY15 Actual		Q3 FY16 Actual		
		Revenue	Revenue	Var. (YoY)	Operating profit ⁽³⁾	
U.S.		4.5 ⁽¹⁾	1.2 ⁽¹⁾	-72.5%	-1.9	
EMEA		18.7	20.9	+11.6%	3.3	
Asia		17.8	18.1	+1.5%	4.7	
	China	10.9	10.5	-3.7%		
Total		41.0	40.2	-1.9%	6.1	

Overseas revenue / Total revenue	27.5%	26.7%	-0.8pt	
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⁽¹⁾ Net profit margin (NPM) relating to the US-based Merck product acquisition is treated as revenue in the U.S.

⁽²⁾ Year-on-year change on a local currency basis: Euro +26.0%, CNY +16.8%

⁽³⁾ Company policy on accounting for profit does not allocate certain SG&A and R&D expenses. NPM is distributed by region after operationally transferred from US-based Merck to Santen.



Historical Dividends and FY2016 Forecast

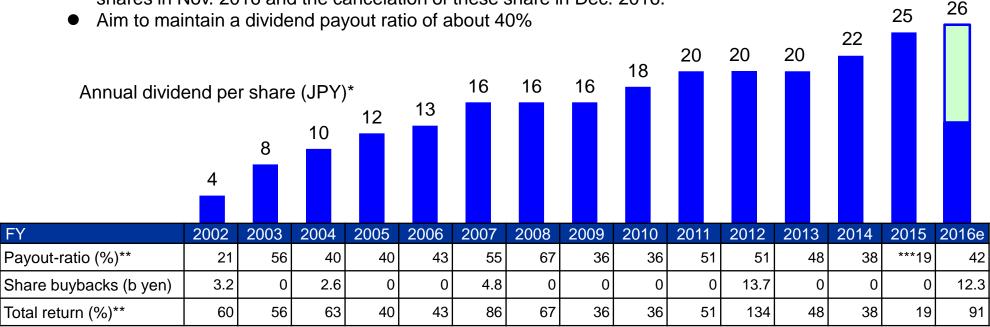
Annual dividend

FY

- FY2015: JPY 25 per share
- FY2016 (forecast): JPY 26 per share (as of September 30, 2016: JPY 13)

FY2014-FY2017 Shareholder return policy

- Stable and sustained return to shareholders
- Maintain a sound and flexible financial position to enable product acquisitions and M&A for future growth
- Consider share buybacks in a flexible manner, included the share buyback about 2% of outstanding shares in Nov. 2016 and the cancelation of these share in Dec. 2016.



* The company implemented a 5-for-1 stock split on April 1, 2015. Accordingly, the calculations of annual dividend per share have been adjusted in all periods for comparison purposes.

** J-GAAP standards used until FY13, IFRS applied from FY14.

***Removing the related impact of the succession of the company's anti-rheumatic pharmaceutical business, the payout ratio is 35.5% in FY15.



Reference: Q3 FY2016 Consolidated Results Market Overview of Prescription Ophthalmic in Japan



Revenue by Business Segment

				Q3 FY1	6 Actual		
(JPY	billions)	Japan		Over	seas	Total	
		Revenue	Var. (YoY)	Revenue	Var. (YoY)	Revenue	Var. (YoY)
Phar	maceuticals	108.3	+1.9%	40.1	-2.1%	148.4	+0.8%
	Prescription Pharmaceuticals	98.8	+0.7%	40.0	-2.2%	138.8	-0.2%
	Ophthalmic	98.5	+4.5%	38.9	+6.5%	137.5	+5.1%
	Others	0.3	-32.2%	1.1	-75.0%	1.4	-71.5%
	OTC Pharmaceuticals	9.5	+17.1%	0.1	+52.8%	9.6	+17.4%
Othe	ers	2.2	+11.1%	0.1	+105.8%	2.3	+14.5%
	Medical devices	1.9	+9.3%	0.0	-70.6%	1.9	+6.5%
	Others	0.3	+23.4%	0.1	-	0.4	+69.1%
Tota		110.4	+2.1%	40.2	-1.9%	150.7	+1.0%



Summary of Financial Position

(JPY billions)	As of Mar	ch 31, 2016	As of December 31, 20		, 2016
	Actual	% of Total	Actual	% of Total	Var. (YoY)
Non-current assets	160.7	45.2%	170.1	53.0%	+9.5
Current assets	194.7	54.8%	151.1	47.0%	-43.6
Cash and cash equivalent	99.8	28.1%	48.1	15.0%	-51.7
Total assets	355.4	100.0%	321.2	100.0%	-34.2
Total equity	260.0	73.2%	254.0	79.1%	-6.0
Non-current liabilities	22.2	6.2%	16.6	5.2%	-5.6
Current liabilities	73.2	20.6%	50.7	15.8%	-22.6
Total liabilities	95.4	26.8%	67.3	20.9%	-28.1
Total equity and liabilities	355.4	100.0%	321.2	100.0%	-34.2

Shares issued : End of March 2016: 414,192 thousand → End of December 2016: 406,005 thousand

Major Changes

- Non-current assets: Goodwill +24.5 bil yen, Investment securities -12.9 bil yen
- Current assets: Account receivable +7.0 bil yen, Cash and cash equivalents -51.7 bil yen (Income tax paid, Payment of InnFocus acquisition, Repurchase of own shares)
- Equity: Valuation difference on available for sale securities -7.6 bil yen,
- Current liabilities: Income tax payable -11.6 bil yen



Summary of Cash Flows

			Q3 FY16		
(JPY bi	illions)	Actual	Actual	Var. (YoY)	
	Cash flows from operating activities	18.0	0.3	-17.7	
	Cash flows from investing activities	38.8	-24.8	-63.6	
	Cash flows from financing activities	-18.3	-26.4	-8.0	
	Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		-50.8	-89.3	
	and cash equivalents beginning of period	65.9	99.8	+33.9	
	Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		-0.9	-0.5	
	Cash and cash equivalents at the end of period		48.1	-56.0	



Capital Expenditures / Depreciation & Amortization

(JPY billions)	FY15 Q3 Actual	FY16 Q3 Actual
Capital expenditures	3.1	4.1
Depreciation and amortization*	2.3	2.6
Amortization on intangible assets associated with products	4.6	4.8
Amortization of intangible assets related to Santen's acquisition of US-based Merck ophthalmic products	3.9	4.0
Amortization of intangible assets related to <i>lkervis</i>	0.4	0.5

* Excludes amortization on intangible assets associated with products and long-term advance expense



FY2016 P&L Statement Forecast

	EV15 Actual	FY16		
(JPY billions)	FY15 Actual	Forecast	Var. (YoY)	
Revenue	195.3	200.0	+2.4%	
Cost of sales	-72.8	-76.5	+5.0%	
(% of revenue)	37.3%	38.3%	+1.0pt	
SG&A expenses	-59.4	-59.0	-0.7%	
(% of revenue)	30.4%	29.5%	-0.9pt	
R&D expenses	-20.0	-20.4	+2.1%	
(% of revenue)	10.2%	10.2%	-0.0pt	
Core operating profit	43.1	44.1	+2.3%	
(% of revenue)	22.1%	22.1%	-0.0pt	
Non-recurring SG&A expenses	-	-0.6	-	
Amortization on intangible assets associated with products	-6.2	-7.0	+12.8%	
(% of revenue)	3.2%	3.5%	+0.3pt	
Other revenue	45.0	-	-	
Other expenses	-1.7	-0.2	-88.1%	
Operating profit	80.2	36.3	-54.7%	
(% of revenue)	41.1%	18.1%	-22.9pt	
Core net profit for the year	29.2	30.2	+3.5%	
Core ROE	12.4%	11.4%	-1.0pt	
Net profit for the year	53.4	25.3	-52.6%	
ROE	22.6%	9.5%	-13.1pt	

Currency rates	FY15 Actual	FY16 Forecast
US \$	JPY 120.45	JPY 105.00
Euro	JPY 132.46	JPY 115.00
CNY	JPY 19.05	JPY 15.00



IFRS and Core Comparisons

IFRS	Core
Revenue	Revenue
Cost of sales	Cost of sales
Gross profit	Gross profit
SG&A	SG&A
R&D	R&D
Amortization on intangible assets associated with products	> Excluded from core
Other income	> Excluded from core
Other expenses	> Excluded from core
Operating profit	Core operating profit
Finance income (interest, dividends, forex gains)	> Excluded from core
Finance expenses (interest, forex	> Excluded from core
Profit before tax	Core profit before tax
Income tax expenses	Income tax expenses
Net profit	Core net profit

Use of Core Basis Indicators

- Core results are now used as financial indicators to better express underlying business performance by removing certain gains and expenses from IFRS results
- Non-recurring items excluded from IFRS to calculate core results: amortization associated with products, other income and expenses, finance income and expenses, etc.

Japan: Trends & Competition in Ophthalmics

		Var. (YoY)*		Santen	Conton Major Droducto				
		Market	Santen	Share*	Santen Major Products				
Ophthalmology	FY2015	+7.3%	+17.6%	44.0%	-				
Total	Q3 FY2016	-0.9%	+2.8%	45.5%					
Anti-glaucoma	FY2015	+6.5%	+8.4%	32.6%	Cosopt, Tapros, Timoptol/XE, Trusopt,				
	Q3 FY2016	+1.4%	+0.2%	32.3%	Rescula, Tapcom, Detantol				
Cornea /	FY2015	+4.9%	+1.4%	63.4%	Hyalein, Diquas				
Dry Eye	Q3 FY2016	-1.9%	-3.2%	62.7%					
Anti-infection	FY2015	-2.5%	-10.1%	49.8%	Cravit, Tarivid				
	Q3 FY2016	-11.4%	-21.6%	44.5%					
Anti-allergy	FY2015	+5.7%	+19.5%	36.3%	Alesion, Livostin, Alegysal				
	Q3 FY2016	+8.5%	+28.9%	43.4%					
Anti-VEGF	FY2015	+20.9%	+62.7%	65.7%	Eylea				
	Q3 FY2016	-1.0%	+11.6%	72.2%					

*Value-based

Source: ©2017 QuintilesIMS. IMS-JPM 2014-16 Santen analysis based on IMS data Reprinted with permission



Status of Research & Development Q3 FY2016



Naveed Shams, M.D., Ph.D.

Senior Corporate Officer Chief Scientific Officer (CSO) Head of Global Research & Development

Pipeline / Product Development Status (1)

As of February 7, 2017

Global JP (Asia)

Disease area	Project	Mechanism of action	Compound /product	Region	Development stage				Changes from	
					P1	P2	P3	Filed	APV/ launch	Changes from previous announcement
Glaucoma/ ocular hypertension	DE-111	Prostaglandin F _{2α} derivative/ beta-adrenergic receptor blocker	tafluprost and timolol maleate	KR						
				Asia						
	DE-118	Prostaglandin $F_{2\alpha}$ derivative	tafluprost (single-use type)	Asia						
	DE-085	Prostaglandin $F_{2\alpha}$ derivative	tafluprost	CN						
	DE-117	EP2 receptor agonist	omidenepag isopropyl	US						
				JP			P2b/3			
	DE-090	Calcium antagonist	lomerizine HCI	JP						
	DE-126	FP/EP3 receptors dual agonist	sepetaprost	US						
	DE-128	MIGS* device	InnFocus MicroShunt	US						
				Euro						

*MIGS: Micro-invasive glaucoma surgery

Pipeline / Product Development Status (2)

As of February 7, 2017

Global JI

JP (Asia)

Disease area	Project	Mechanism of action	Compound /product	Region	Development stage					Changes from
					P1	P2	P3	Filed	APV/ launch	previous announcement
		Immuno suppression /cationic emulsion	ciclosporin/ Ikervis	Euro						
	Cyclokat			US						
Kerato- conjunctival	Cyclokat			KR						
disease				Asia					*	Approved in Thailand
	DE-089	P2Y ₂ receptor agonist	diquafosol sodium	CN						
	DE-009			Asia						
	DE-109	mTOR inhibitor	sirolimus injection	Euro						Preparing to file
				JP						
				US						Preparing to file
Retinal/ uveal disease				Asia						
	DE-120	VEGF/PDGF inhibitor	TBD	US						
	DE-122	Anti-endoglin antibody	carotuximab	US		P1/2				
Allergy	Vekacia	Immuno suppression /cationic emulsion	ciclosporin	Euro				*		Filed



★ Changes from previous announcement

Future Development and Regulatory Milestones

As of February 7, 2017

DE-117	Q2/Q3 FY17 Filing in Japan							
DE-126	Q1/Q2 FY17 P2b start							
DE-128 (<i>MicroShunt</i>)	Calendar 2018-2019 P2/3 Calendar 2020-2021 Completion Launch in US							
DE 100	~Mar 2017 Filing in US	Jan~Jun 2018 Launch in US						
DE-109	2 nd half of FY17 Re-filing in EU (After filing in US)							
DE-120	FY2016 P2a Completion							
DE-122	FY2017 P1/2 Completion							



Reference: Topline Results of SAKURA Program



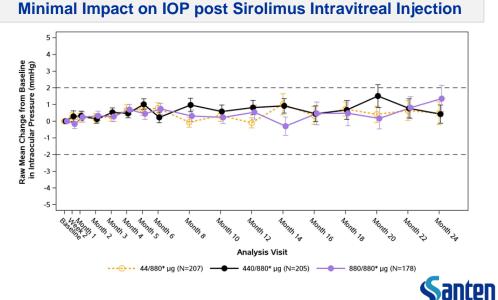
DE-109: Candidate for Unmet Medical Need of Uveitis

SAKURA Program Supports Benefit-Risk Profile of Sirolimus Injection, with 440 µg as Optimal Dose for Treatment of Non-Infectious Uveitis of Posterior Segment

VH 0 Response, Intent to Treat (ITT) Population P-value (440 µg vs. 44 µg) P = 0.010P = 0.783P = 0.03822.8% 21.2% 19.1% 17.6% 16.4% 15.3% 13.5% 13.3% 10.3% Integrated Study 1 Study 2 (N=592) (N=347)(N=245) **44** µq **440 µg** 880 µg

Reduction or Elimination of Corticosteroids (≤5 mg/day)

Tapering of Corticosteroid for Intent-to-Taper Patients	44 μg N=32	440 μg N=46	880 μg N=32
Baseline mean dose, mg/day	24.2	26.2	20.74
Tapering success (n)	(22) 68.8%	(32) 69.6%	(22) 68.8%
Tapering success and VH 0/0.5+ (n)	(9) 40.9%	(20) 62.5%	(10) 45.5%



*Patients received 44, 440 or 880 µg double-masked dose for the first six months, and then all patients received 880 µg open-labeled dose.

Results of SAKURA study 1 was reported on *Ophthalmology*. 2016 Nov;123(11):2413-2423

Forward-Looking Statements

- Information given in this presentation contains certain forward-looking statements concerning forecasts, projections and plans whose realization is subject to risk and uncertainty from a variety of sources. Actual results may differ significantly from forecasts.
- Business performance and financial condition are subject to the effects of medical regulatory changes made by the governments of Japan and other nations concerning medical insurance, drug pricing and other systems, and to fluctuations in market variables such as interest rates and foreign exchange rates.
- The process of drug research and development from discovery to final approval and sales is long, complex and uncertain. Individual compounds are subject to a multitude of uncertainties, including the termination of clinical development at various stages and the non-approval of products after a regulatory filing has been submitted. Forecasts and projections concerning new products take into account assumptions concerning the development pipelines of other companies and any co-promotion agreements, existing or planned. The success or failure of such agreements could affect business performance and financial condition significantly.
- Business performance and financial conditions could be affected significantly by a substantial drop in sales of a major drug, either currently marketed or expected to be launched, due to termination of sales as a result of factors such as patent expiry and complications, product defects or unforeseen side effects. Santen Pharmaceutical also sells numerous products under sales and/or manufacturing license from other companies. Business performance could be affected significantly by changes in the terms and conditions of agreements and/or the non-renewal of agreements.
- Santen Pharmaceutical is reliant on specific companies for supplies of certain raw materials used in production. Business performance could be affected significantly by the suspension or termination of supplies of such raw materials if such and event were to adversely affect supply capabilities for related final products.



